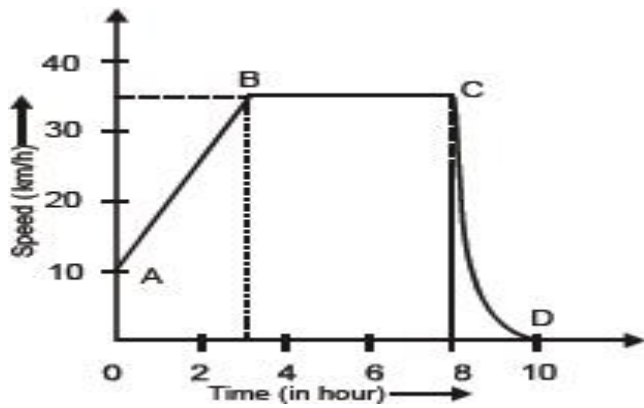




Bal Bharati Public School, Navi Mumbai
Session 2020-21
Class IX
Physics
Motion, Worksheet 2

- Q1.** What does the odometer of an automobile measure? Which of the following is moving faster? Justify your answer.
- (i) A scooter moving with a speed of 300 m per minute.
 - (ii) A car moving with a speed of 36 km per hour.
- Q2.** A car travels from stop A to stop B with a speed of 30 km/h and then returns back to A with a speed of 50 km/h. Find
- (i) displacement of the car.
 - (ii) distance travelled by the car.
 - (iii) average speed of the car.
- Q3.** Draw the shape of the distance-time graph for uniform and non-uniform motion of object. An object travels 20 m in 2 s and then another 16 m in 2 s. What is the average speed of the object?
- Q4.** A bus accelerates uniformly from 54 km/h to 72 km/h in 10 seconds Calculate
- (i) acceleration in m/s^2
 - (ii) distance covered by the bus in meters during this interval.
- Q5.** A circular track has a circumference of 3140 m with AB as one of its diameters. A scooterist moves from A to B along the circular path with a uniform speed of 10 m/s. Find
- (a) distance covered by the scooterist,
 - (b) displacement of the scooterist, and
 - (c) time taken by the scooterist in reaching from A to B.
- Q6.** The graph given alongside shows how the speed of a car changes with time.
- (i) What is the initial speed of the car?
 - (ii) What is the maximum speed attained by the car?
 - (iii) Which part of the graph shows zero acceleration?
 - (iv) Which part of the graph shows varying retardation?
 - (v) Find the distance travelled in first 8 hours.



Q7. (a) Define average speed.

(b) A bus travels a distance of 120 km with a speed of 40 km/h and returns with a speed of 30 km/h. Calculate the average speed for the entire journey.

Q8. Velocity-time graph for the motion of an object in a straight path is a straight line parallel to the time axis.

- Identify the nature of motion of the body.
- Find the acceleration of the body.
- Draw the shape of distance-time graph for this type of motion.

Q9. A train 100 m long is moving with the velocity of 72 km/hr. Find the time it takes to cross the bridge which is 2 km long?

Q10. The velocity-time graph shows the motion of a cyclist. Find

- its acceleration
- its velocity
- the distance covered by the cyclist in 15 seconds

